

Garnishment Formula for Wage Levy

Federal Consumer Credit Protection Act, Title III (15 USC Sections 1671-1677), and Montana Statue (MCA 25-13-6514) provides exemptions from garnishment.

Definitions:

- A. "Earnings": Compensation for personal services, whether called wages, salary, commissions, or bonuses, and payments to pension or retirement program.
- B. "Disposable Income": Earnings remaining after (tax) deductions required by law (Federal and State taxes, FICA, etc.)
- C. "Garnishment": Any legal or equitable procedure by which the earnings of an individual are required to be withheld for payment of a debt.

Computation of Garnishment Amount

The maximum amount to be garnished is the LESSER of:

- a. 25% of disposable income for each pay period, **OR**
- b. The amount of disposable earnings for that pay period which exceeds 30 times the federal minimum hourly wage (currently \$5.85 per hour). 29 USC Sec. 206(a)(1).

Enter total earnings
Deduct federal withholding
Deduct state withholding
Deduct FICA
Disposable earnings
Enter 25%(.025) of line 2
Existing levies (include child support and IRS levies)
25% of disposable earnings less any existing levies
Disposable earnings from line 2
Deduct exempt earnings (please use drop down option)
Use: (\$0.00 if no wages) (\$175.50 if paid weekly) (\$351.00 if paid bi-weekly) (\$380.25 if paid semi-monthly) (\$760.50 if paid monthly) (\$2,281.50 if paid quarterly)
ment of Revenue whichever is LESS—line 4 or line 7 for each line 7 are zero or less, no funds should be taken. Please print and f explanation. The ecords and include a copy of the completed form with your